

CLAYMORE EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND TRUST 2  
CLAYMORE S&P GLOBAL WATER INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/ZACKS COUNTRY ROTATION ETF  
CLAYMORE/BEACON GLOBAL TIMBER INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/BNY MELLON EW EURO-PACIFIC LDRS ETF  
CLAYMORE/SWM CANADIAN ENERGY INCOME INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/BEACON GLOBAL EXCHANGES, BROKERS & ASSET MANAGERS INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/NYSE ARCA AIRLINE ETF  
CLAYMORE/BNY MELLON FRONTIER MARKETS ETF  
CLAYMORE/ALPHASHARES CHINA SMALL CAP INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/ZACKS INTERNATIONAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/ROBB REPORT GLOBAL LUXURY INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/DELTA GLOBAL SHIPPING INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/MAC GLOBAL SOLAR ENERGY INDEX ETF  
CLAYMORE/ALPHASHARES CHINA REAL ESTATE ETF

**SUPPLEMENT TO THE CURRENTLY EFFECTIVE PROSPECTUS AND STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE ABOVE LISTED FUNDS:**

*The following paragraphs are hereby inserted in the "Investment Advisory Services" section in each Fund's Prospectus at the end of the sub-section "Investment Adviser" and in the "Management" section in each Fund's Statement of Additional Information in the sub-section "Investment Advisory Agreement" (each in place of, where applicable, the current corresponding discussion therein):*

On July 17, 2009, Claymore Group Inc., the parent of the Investment Adviser, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger between and among Claymore Group Inc., Claymore Holdings, LLC and GuggClay Acquisition, Inc., (with the latter two entities being wholly-owned, indirect subsidiaries of Guggenheim Partners, LLC ("Guggenheim")) whereby GuggClay Acquisition, Inc. will merge into Claymore Group Inc. which will be the surviving entity. The parties intend that the completed merger will result in a change-of-control whereby Claymore Group Inc. and its subsidiaries, including the Investment Adviser, will become indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Guggenheim. The transaction is not expected to affect the daily operations of the Funds or the investment management activities of the Investment Adviser. The transaction closed on October 14, 2009 (such closing date being the "Effective Date").

Under the 1940 Act, consummation of this transaction resulted in the automatic termination of the Advisory Agreement. Accordingly, on September 28, 2009, the Board of Trustees approved an interim investment advisory agreement between the Trust and the Investment Adviser (the "Interim Advisory Agreement"). The Interim Advisory Agreement took effect as of the Effective Date and will terminate upon the earlier of: (a) 150 calendar days after the Effective Date or (b) the approval of a new investment advisory agreement by the shareholders of each Fund. In addition, the advisory fees earned by the Investment Adviser pursuant to the Interim Advisory Agreement will be held in an interest-bearing escrow account with the Trust's custodian during the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement. If a Fund's shareholders approve a new advisory agreement with the Investment Adviser prior to the expiration of the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement, the amount in the escrow account (including any interest earned) with respect to the Fund shall be paid to the Investment Adviser. If a Fund's shareholders do not approve a new advisory agreement with the Investment Adviser prior to the expiration of the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser shall be paid, out of the escrow account with respect to the Fund, the lesser of (i) the Investment Adviser's costs incurred in providing the services under the Interim Advisory Agreement (including any interest earned on that amount while in escrow) with respect to the Fund; or (ii) the total amount in the escrow account (including any interest earned) with respect to the Fund. Other than the effective dates and the provisions set forth above regarding the advisory fees' placement into an escrow account, the terms and conditions of the Interim Advisory Agreement are substantively identical to those of the Advisory Agreement.

On September 28, 2009, the Board of Trustees also approved a new investment advisory agreement between the Trust and the Investment Adviser (the "New Advisory Agreement") and recommended that the New Advisory Agreement be submitted to the shareholders of each Fund for their approval. The New Advisory Agreement will take effect with respect to each Fund upon its approval by the shareholders of each Fund and will have an initial term of one year. Thereafter, the New Advisory Agreement will continue in effect only if its continuance is approved by the Board of Trustees. Other than effective dates, the terms and conditions of the New Advisory Agreement are substantively identical to those of the Advisory Agreement.

**CLAYMORE EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND TRUST 2**  
2455 Corporate West Drive  
Lisle, Illinois 60532

**PLEASE RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

October 16, 2009

ETF-PRO-TRUST2-SUPP101609



CLAYMORE<sup>SM</sup>

ETF

## PROSPECTUS

**ROB** Claymore/Robb Report Global  
Luxury Index ETF

**CRO** Claymore/Zacks Country  
Rotation ETF

 EXCHANGE-TRADED FUNDS

# Claymore Exchange-Traded Fund Trust 2

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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*No dealer, salesperson or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Prospectus, in connection with the offer contained in this Prospectus and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Funds, Claymore Advisors, LLC, the Funds' investment adviser (the "Investment Adviser"), or the Funds' distributor, Claymore Securities, Inc. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer by the Funds or by the Funds' distributor to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the securities offered hereby in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful for the Funds to make such an offer in such jurisdiction.*

# Introduction—Claymore Exchange-Traded Fund Trust 2

The Claymore Exchange-Traded Fund Trust 2 (the “Trust”) is an investment company consisting of 14 separate exchange-traded “index funds.” The investment objective of each of the funds is to replicate as closely as possible, before fees and expenses, the performance of a specified market index. Claymore Advisors, LLC is the investment adviser for the funds (the “Investment Adviser”).

This prospectus relates to two funds of the Trust, Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF and Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF (each, a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”).

The shares (“Shares”) of each Fund are listed and traded on the NYSE Arca, Inc. (the “NYSE Arca”). The Funds’ Shares trade at market prices that may differ to some degree from the net asset value (“NAV”) of the Shares. Unlike conventional mutual funds, the Funds issue and redeem Shares on a continuous basis, at NAV, only in large specified blocks of Shares set forth in the table below, each of which is called a “Creation Unit.” Creation Units are issued and redeemed principally in-kind for securities included in a specified index.

**Except when aggregated in Creation Units, Shares are not redeemable securities of the Funds.**

<b>Fund(s)</b>	<b>Creation Unit Size</b>
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	200,000 Shares
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	80,000 Shares

## Who Should Invest

The Funds are designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost “passive” approach for investing in a portfolio of equity securities of companies in a specified index. The Funds may be suitable for long-term investment in the market represented by a specified index and may also be used as an asset allocation tool or as a speculative trading instrument.

# Tax-Advantaged Product Structure

Unlike interests in many conventional mutual funds, the Shares are traded throughout the day on national securities exchanges, whereas mutual fund interests are typically only bought and sold at closing net asset values. The Shares have been designed to be tradable in the secondary market on a national securities exchange on an intra-day basis, and to be created and redeemed principally in-kind in Creation Units at each day's next calculated NAV. These arrangements are designed to protect ongoing shareholders from adverse effects on the Funds' portfolios that could arise from frequent cash creation and redemption transactions. In a conventional mutual fund, redemptions can have an adverse tax impact on taxable shareholders because of the mutual fund's need to sell portfolio securities to obtain cash to meet fund redemptions. These sales may generate taxable gains for the shareholders of the mutual fund, whereas the Shares' in-kind redemption mechanism generally will not lead to a tax event for the Funds or their ongoing shareholders.

# Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF

## Investment Objective

The Fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the performance, before the Fund's fees and expenses, of an equity index called the Robb Report Global Luxury Index (the "Index"). The Fund's investment objective is not fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

## Primary Investment Strategies

The Fund, using a low cost "passive" or "indexing" investment approach, seeks to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Robb Report Global Luxury Index. The Index is comprised of no fewer than 20 and up to 100 equity securities traded on major global developed market exchanges, as well as American depositary receipts ("ADRs") and global depositary receipts ("GDRs") of companies whose primary business is the provision of global luxury goods and services. These may include retailers, manufacturers (which may include automobiles, boats, aircraft, and consumer electronics), travel and leisure firms, and investment and other professional services firms. The designation of such firms as "luxury" is determined by the publisher of the Robb Report Magazine, CurtCo Robb Media, LLC (the "Robb Report" or the "Index Provider"). Robb Report generally defines "developed markets" as countries whose economies have high income levels, strong legal protection and sophisticated stock exchanges. The current list of global developed markets consists of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States of America. The Fund will at all times invest at least 90% of its total assets in common stock and ADRs and GDRs that comprise the Index and investments that have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the component securities that comprise the Index. The Fund has adopted a policy that requires the Fund to provide shareholders with at least 60 days notice prior to any material change in this policy or the Index. The Board of Trustees of the Trust may change the Fund's investment strategy and other policies without shareholder approval, except as otherwise indicated.

The Investment Adviser seeks a correlation over time of 0.95 or better between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index. A figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

The Fund generally will invest in all of the stocks comprising the Index in proportion to their weightings in the Index. However, under various circumstances, it may not be possible or practicable to purchase all of the stocks in the Index in those weightings. In those circumstances, the Fund may purchase a sample of the stocks in the Index in proportions expected by the Investment Adviser to replicate generally the performance of the Index as a whole. There may also be instances in which the Investment Adviser may choose to overweight another stock in the Index, purchase (or sell) securities not in the Index which the Investment Adviser believes are appropriate to substitute for one or more Index components, or utilize various combinations of other available investment

techniques, in seeking to accurately track the Index. In addition, from time to time stocks are added to or removed from the Index. The Fund may sell stocks that are represented in the Index or purchase stocks that are not yet represented in the Index in anticipation of their removal from or addition to the Index.

## Index Methodology

The Robb Report Global Luxury Index is comprised of companies whose primary business is the provision of global luxury goods and services. All stocks in the Robb Report Global Luxury Index are selected from the global investable universe of companies whose primary business is the provision of global luxury goods and services, as determined by the Index Provider. The Index Provider weights the Index's constituents using a modified market cap weighting methodology. The Index Provider does not guarantee the inclusion of all relevant companies in the Index. The Index is adjusted annually.

## Index Construction

1. Potential Index constituents include all equities trading on major U.S. and global developed market exchanges from within the Index universe as defined above.
2. The Index Provider selects no fewer than 20 and up to 100 constituents designed to be a representative basket of global luxury goods and services companies.
3. The selected companies are chosen and given a modified market cap weighting with a maximum weight of 5% to any one constituent. Companies based in the U.S. will comprise at most 50% of the Index as of each rebalance.
4. Selected companies must have a market capitalization at or above \$500 million at the time of each rebalance and must either derive a significant portion (based on publicly available financial data) of their revenues from the sale of global luxury goods and services, as defined by the Index Provider or in the estimation of the Index Provider, have valuations that are significantly driven by the provision of global luxury goods and services.
5. The Index will contain constituent representation from at least three countries. In the event that fewer than three countries make the final constituent list, the next available global luxury company from a non-represented country will be included.
6. The constituent selection process and Index rebalance is repeated annually.

## Primary Investment Risks

*Investors should consider the following risk factors and special considerations associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause you to lose money.*

*Investment Risk.* An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest.

*Equity Risk.* A principal risk of investing in the Fund is equity risk, which is the risk that the value of the securities held by the Fund will fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests.

For example, an adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of equity securities of an issuer held by the Fund; the price of common stock of an issuer may be particularly sensitive to general movements in the stock market; or a drop in the stock market may depress the price of most or all of the common stocks and other equity securities held by the Fund. In addition, common stock of an issuer in the Fund's portfolio may decline in price if the issuer fails to make anticipated dividend payments because, among other reasons, the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial condition. Common stock is subordinated to preferred stocks, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, and therefore will be subject to greater dividend risk than preferred stocks or debt instruments of such issuers. In addition, while broad market measures of common stocks have historically generated higher average returns than fixed income securities, common stocks have also experienced significantly more volatility in those returns.

*Luxury Risk.* The success of companies that sell luxury goods and services may depend heavily on the disposable household income and consumer spending of a relatively small segment of the general population, rather than the consumer population as a whole. Changes in consumer taste among such segment of the population can also affect the demand for, and success of, luxury goods and services in the marketplace. Consumer spending on luxury goods and services can also be adversely affected as a result of declines in consumer confidence levels, even if prevailing economic conditions are favorable. In an economic downturn, consumer discretionary spending levels generally decline, often resulting in disproportionately large reductions in the sale of luxury goods and services.

*Foreign Investment Risk.* The Fund's investments in non-U.S. issuers may involve unique risks compared to investing in securities of U.S. issuers, including, among others, greater market volatility than U.S. securities and less complete financial information than for U.S. issuers. In addition, adverse political, economic or social developments could undermine the value of the Fund's investments or prevent the Fund from realizing the full value of its investments. Financial reporting standards for companies based in foreign markets differ from those in the United States. Finally, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. In addition, the underlying issuers of certain depositary receipts, particularly unsponsored or unregistered depositary receipts, are under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications to the holders of such receipts, or to pass through to them any voting rights with respect to the deposited securities.

As of August 31, 2009, a significant percentage of the Index is comprised of securities of companies from France. To the extent that the Index is focused on securities of any one country, including France, the value of the Index, and thus the Fund, will be especially affected by adverse developments in such country, including the risks described above.

*Small and Medium-Sized Company Risk.* Investing in securities of small and medium-sized companies involves greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in more established companies. These companies' stocks may be more volatile and less liquid than those of more established companies. These stocks may have returns that vary, sometimes significantly, from the overall stock market.

*Non-Correlation Risk.* The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs a number of operating expenses not applicable to

the Index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index.

The Fund may not be fully invested at times, either as a result of cash flows into the Fund or reserves of cash held by the Fund to meet redemptions and expenses. If the Fund utilizes a sampling approach or futures or other derivative positions, its return may not correlate as well with the return on the Index, as would be the case if it purchased all of the stocks in the Index with the same weightings as the Index.

*Replication Management Risk.* Unlike many investment companies, the Fund is not "actively" managed. Therefore, it would not necessarily sell a stock because the stock's issuer was in financial trouble unless that stock is removed from the Index.

*Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

*Non-Diversified Fund Risk.* The Fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a diversified fund.

## Fund Performance

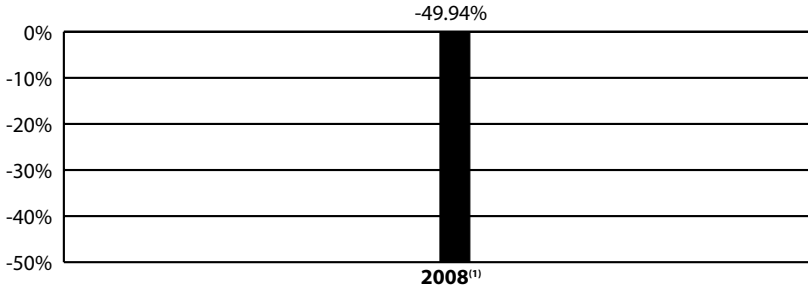
The chart and table below illustrate annual calendar year returns for the calendar year ended December 31, 2008 as well as average annual Fund and index returns for the one-year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2008. This information is intended to help you assess the variability of Fund returns and the potential rewards and risks of an investment in the Fund. The information also shows how the Fund's performance compares with the returns of a broad measure of market performance.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of shares assume you sold your shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market index do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

## Calendar Year Total Return as of 12/31

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<sup>1</sup> The Fund commenced operations on July 30, 2007. The Fund's year-to-date total return was 10.52% as of June 30, 2009.

During the calendar year ended December 31, 2008, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were -8.54% and -26.38%, respectively, for the quarters ended 6/30/2008 and 12/31/2008. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

### Average Annual Total Returns for the Period Ended December 31, 2008

	1 year	Since inception <sup>(1)</sup>
Returns Before Taxes	-49.94%	-38.23%
After Taxes on Distribution	-50.37%	-38.62%
After Taxes on Distribution and Sale of Shares	-32.46%	-32.15%
Robb Report Global Luxury Index	-48.87%	-35.70%
Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index <sup>(2)</sup>	-42.20%	-30.00%

<sup>1</sup> The inception date of the Fund was July 30, 2007.

<sup>2</sup> The Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index is a float-adjusted capitalization weighted index created to measure equity market performance throughout the world. This index is unmanaged and it is not possible to invest directly in this index.

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## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing Shares in the secondary market will not pay the shareholder fees shown below, but may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (paid directly by Authorized Participants)	
Sales charges (loads)	None
Standard creation/redemption transaction fee per order <sup>(1)</sup>	\$1,000
Maximum creation/redemption transaction fee per order <sup>(1)</sup>	\$4,000
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> <sup>(2)</sup> (expenses that are deducted from Fund assets)	
Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>(3)</sup>	—%
Other expenses	4.25%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	4.75%
Expense Waiver and Reimbursements <sup>(4)</sup>	4.00%
Net Operating Expenses	0.75%

<sup>1</sup>Purchasers of Creation Units and parties redeeming Creation Units must pay a standard creation or redemption transaction fee of \$1,000. If a Creation Unit is purchased or redeemed for cash, a variable fee of up to four times the standard creation or redemption transaction fee may be charged. See the following discussion of "Creation Transaction Fees and Redemption Transaction Fees."

<sup>2</sup>Expressed as a percentage of average net assets.

<sup>3</sup>The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which the Fund may bear a 12b-1 fee not to exceed 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets. However, no such fee is currently paid by the Fund.

<sup>4</sup>The Fund's Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or pay Fund expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expenses, a portion of the Fund's licensing fees, offering costs, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation and other expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business) from exceeding 0.70% of average net assets per year, at least until December 31, 2011. The offering costs excluded from the 0.70% expense cap are: (a) legal fees pertaining to the Fund's Shares offered for sale; (b) SEC and state registration fees; and (c) initial fees paid to be listed on an exchange. The Trust and the Investment Adviser have entered into an Expense Reimbursement Agreement (the "Expense Agreement") in which the Investment Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or pay certain operating expenses of the Fund in order to maintain the expense ratio of the Fund at or below 0.70% (excluding the expenses set forth above) (the "Expense Cap"). For a period of five years subsequent to the Fund's commencement of operations, the Investment Adviser may recover from the Fund fees and expenses waived or reimbursed during the prior three years if the Fund's expense ratio, including the recovered expenses, falls below the Expense Cap.

## Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account transaction fees on purchases and redemptions of Creation Units of the Fund or customary brokerage commissions that you may pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund in the secondary market.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same each year. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

One Year*	Three Years*	Five Years*	Ten Years*
\$77	\$240	\$1,319	\$4,040

## Creation Transaction Fees and Redemption Transaction Fees

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only in large blocks of 80,000 Shares (each block of 80,000 Shares called a "Creation Unit") or multiples thereof. As a practical matter, only broker-dealers or large institutional investors with creation and redemption agreements and called Authorized Participants ("APs") can purchase or redeem these Creation Units. Purchasers of Creation Units at NAV must pay a standard Creation Transaction Fee of \$1,000 per transaction. An AP who holds Creation Units and wishes to redeem at NAV would also pay a standard Redemption Fee of \$1,000 per transaction (see "How to Buy and Sell Shares" later in this Prospectus). APs who hold Creation Units in inventory will also pay the Annual Fund Operating Expenses described in the table above. Assuming an investment in a Creation Unit of \$2,000,000 and a 5% return each year, and assuming that the Fund's gross operating expenses remain the same, the total costs would be \$16,319, \$48,937, \$264,745 and \$809,002 if the Creation Unit is redeemed after one year, three years, five years and ten years, respectively.\*

If a Creation Unit is purchased or redeemed for cash, a variable fee of up to four times the standard Creation or Redemption Transaction Fee may be charged to the AP making the transaction.

The creation fee, redemption fee and variable fee are not expenses of the Fund and do not impact the Fund's expense ratio.

\* The costs for the one-year examples reflect the Expense Cap that is in effect until December 31, 2011, as set forth in the footnotes to the fee table. The costs for the three-year, five-year and ten-year examples do not reflect the Expense Cap after such date.

# Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF

## Investment Objective

The Fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the performance, before the Fund's fees and expenses, of an equity index called the Zacks Country Rotation Index (the "Index"). The Fund's investment objective is not fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

## Primary Investment Strategies

The Fund, using a low cost "passive" or "indexing" investment approach, seeks to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of the Index. The Index is comprised of 200 stocks selected, based on investment and other criteria, from a universe of international companies listed on developed international market exchanges. Zacks Investment Research, Inc. ("Zacks" or the "Index Provider") defines developed international markets as countries whose economies have high income levels, strong legal protection and sophisticated stock exchanges. The current list of developed international markets consists of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. The companies in the universe are selected using a proprietary methodology developed by Zacks. The Fund will at all times invest at least 90% of its total assets in common stock and ADRs that comprise the Index and investments that have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the component securities that comprise the Index. The Fund has adopted a policy that requires the Fund to provide shareholders with at least 60 days notice prior to any material change in this policy or the Index. The Board of Trustees of the Trust may change the Fund's investment strategy and other policies without shareholder approval, except as otherwise indicated.

The Investment Adviser seeks a correlation over time of 0.95 or better between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index. A figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

The Fund generally will invest in all of the stocks comprising the Index in proportion to their weightings in the Index. However, under various circumstances, it may not be possible or practicable to purchase all of the stocks in the Index in those weightings. In those circumstances, the Fund may purchase a sample of the stocks in the Index in proportions expected by the Investment Adviser to replicate generally the performance of the Index as a whole. There may also be instances in which the Investment Adviser may choose to overweight another stock in the Index, purchase (or sell) securities not in the Index which the Investment Adviser believes are appropriate to substitute for one or more Index components, or utilize various combinations of other available investment techniques, in seeking to accurately track the Index. In addition, from time to time stocks are added to or removed from the Index. The Fund may sell stocks that are represented in the Index or purchase stocks that are not yet represented in the Index in anticipation of their removal from or addition to the Index.

## Index Methodology

The Zacks Country Rotation Index uses a proprietary, multi-factor quantitative methodology developed by Zacks to seek to determine those countries with potentially superior risk-return profiles and within those countries select a basket of stocks. The approach is specifically designed to enhance investment applications and investability. The Index is designed to select and weight a group of stocks which have the potential on a risk-adjusted basis to outperform the MSCI EAFE Index and other developed international benchmark indices. The Index is adjusted semiannually.

## Index Construction

1. Potential Index constituents include all international equities listed on developed international market exchanges. Zacks defines developed international markets as countries whose economies have high income levels, strong legal protection and sophisticated stock exchanges. The current list of developed international markets consists of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.
2. Country allocations are chosen based on a quantitative methodology proprietary to Zacks from the eligible countries as detailed above.
3. Each company within the chosen countries is ranked using a quantitative rules-based multi-factor methodology that focuses on company growth, liquidity, relative value and other factors.
4. The country allocation and constituent ranking, reconstitution, and rebalancing process is repeated on a semiannual basis.

## Primary Investment Risks

*Investors should consider the following risk factors and special considerations associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause you to lose money.*

**Investment Risk.** An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest.

**Equity Risk.** A principal risk of investing in the Fund is equity risk, which is the risk that the value of the securities held by the Fund will fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests. For example, an adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of equity securities of an issuer held by the Fund; the price of common stock of an issuer may be particularly sensitive to general movements in the stock market; or a drop in the stock market may depress the price of most or all of the common stocks and other equity securities held by the Fund. In addition, common stock of an issuer in the Fund's portfolio may decline in price if the issuer fails to make anticipated dividend payments because, among other reasons, the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial condition. Common stock is subordinated to preferred stocks, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, and therefore will be subject to greater dividend risk than preferred stocks or debt

instruments of such issuers. In addition, while broad market measures of common stocks have historically generated higher average returns than fixed income securities, common stocks have also experienced significantly more volatility in those returns.

*Foreign Investment Risk.* The Fund's investments in non-U.S. issuers may involve unique risks compared to investing in securities of U.S. issuers, including, among others, less market liquidity, generally greater market volatility than U.S. securities and less complete financial information than for U.S. issuers. In addition, adverse political, economic or social developments could undermine the value of the Fund's investments or prevent the Fund from realizing the full value of its investments. Financial reporting standards for companies based in foreign markets differ from those in the United States. Finally, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors. In addition, the underlying issuers of certain depositary receipts, particularly unsponsored or unregistered depositary receipts, are under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications to the holders of such receipts, or to pass through to them any voting rights with respect to the deposited securities.

As of August 31, 2009, a significant percentage of the Index is comprised of securities of companies from Japan and Hong Kong. To the extent that the Index is focused on securities of any one country, including Japan and Hong Kong, the value of the Index, and thus the Fund, will be especially affected by adverse developments in such country, including the risks described above.

*Financial Services Sector Risk.* The financial services industries are subject to extensive government regulation, can be subject to relatively rapid change due to increasingly blurred distinctions between service segments, and can be significantly affected by availability and cost of capital funds, changes in interest rates, the rate of corporate and consumer debt defaults, and price competition. In addition, the deterioration of the credit markets since late 2007 generally has caused an adverse impact in a broad range of markets, including U.S. and international credit and interbank money markets generally, thereby affecting a wide range of financial institutions and markets. In particular, events in the financial sector since late 2008 have resulted, and may continue to result, in an unusually high degree of volatility in the financial markets, both domestic and foreign. These events have included, but are not limited to, the U.S. government's placement of the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation under conservatorship, the bankruptcy filing of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc., the sale of Merrill Lynch to Bank of America, the U.S. government support of American International Group, Inc., the sale of Wachovia to Wells Fargo, reports of credit and liquidity issues involving certain money market mutual funds, and emergency measures by the U.S. and foreign governments banning short-selling. This situation has created instability in the financial markets and caused certain financial services companies to incur large losses. Numerous financial services companies have experienced substantial declines in the valuations of their assets, taken action to raise capital (such as the issuance of debt or equity securities), or even ceased operations. These actions have caused the securities of many financial services companies to experience a dramatic decline in value. Moreover, certain financial companies have avoided collapse due to intervention by the U.S. regulatory authorities (such as the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Reserve System), but such interventions have often not averted a substantial decline in the value of such companies' common stock. Issuers that have exposure to the real estate, mortgage and credit markets have been particularly affected by the foregoing events and the general market turmoil, and it is uncertain whether or for how long these conditions will continue.

*Small and Medium-Sized Company Risk.* Investing in securities of small and medium-sized companies involves greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in more established companies. These companies' stocks may be more volatile and less liquid than those of more established companies. These stocks may have returns that vary, sometimes significantly, from the overall stock market.

*Portfolio Turnover Risk.* The Fund may engage in active and frequent trading of its portfolio securities in connection with the rebalancing of the Index, and therefore the Fund's investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 200%, for example, is equivalent to the Fund buying and selling all of its securities two times during the course of the year. A high portfolio turnover rate (such as 100% or more) could result in high brokerage costs. While a high portfolio turnover rate can result in an increase in taxable capital gains distributions to the Fund's shareholders, the Fund will seek to utilize the creation and redemption in kind mechanism to minimize capital gains to the extent possible.

*Non-Correlation Risk.* The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs a number of operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index. Since the Index constituents may vary on a semiannual basis, the Fund's costs associated with rebalancing may be greater than those incurred by other exchange-traded funds that track indices whose composition changes less frequently.

The Fund may not be fully invested at times, either as a result of cash flows into the Fund or reserves of cash held by the Fund to meet redemptions and expenses. If the Fund utilizes a sampling approach or futures or other derivative positions, its return may not correlate as well with the return on the Index, as would be the case if it purchased all of the stocks in the Index with the same weightings as the Index.

*Replication Management Risk.* Unlike many investment companies, the Fund is not "actively" managed. Therefore, it would not necessarily sell a stock because the stock's issuer was in financial trouble unless that stock is removed from the Index.

*Issuer-Specific Changes.* The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

*Non-Diversified Fund Risk.* The Fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a diversified fund.

## Fund Performance

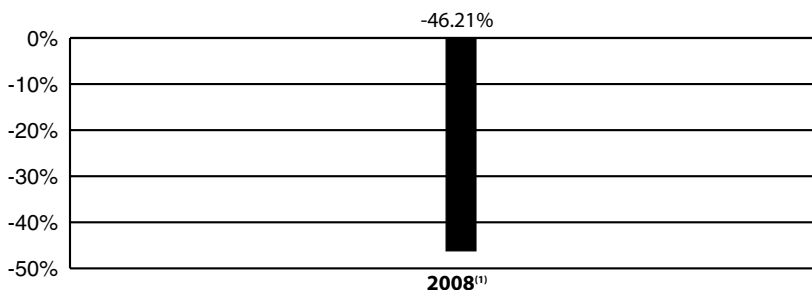
The chart and table below illustrate annual calendar year returns for the calendar year ended December 31, 2008 as well as average annual Fund and index returns for the one-year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2008. This information is intended to help you assess the variability of Fund returns and the potential rewards and risks of an investment in the Fund. The information also shows how the Fund's performance compares with the returns of a broad measure of market performance.

Returns before taxes do not reflect the effects of any income or capital gains taxes. All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Returns after taxes on distributions reflect the taxed return on the payment of dividends and capital gains. Returns after taxes on distributions and sale of shares assume you sold your shares at period end, and, therefore, are also adjusted for any capital gains or losses incurred. Returns for the market index do not include expenses, which are deducted from Fund returns, or taxes.

Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

### Calendar Year Total Return as of 12/31

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<sup>1</sup> The Fund commenced operations on July 11, 2007. The Fund's year-to-date total return was 8.57% as of June 30, 2009.

During the calendar year ended December 31, 2008, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were -3.10% and -22.13%, respectively, for the quarters ended 6/30/08 and 12/31/08. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

**Average Annual Total Returns for the  
Period Ended December 31, 2008**

	<b>1 year</b>	<b>Since inception<sup>(1)</sup></b>
Returns Before Taxes	-46.21%	-33.83%
After Taxes on Distribution	-47.04%	-34.64%
After Taxes on Distribution and Sale of Shares	-30.04%	-28.68%
Zacks Country Rotation Index	-45.18%	-32.42%
Morgan Stanley Capital International EAFE Index <sup>(2)</sup>	-43.38%	-32.70%

<sup>1</sup> The inception date of the Fund was July 11, 2007.

<sup>2</sup> The Morgan Stanley Capital International EAFE Index is a capitalization-weighted measure of stock markets in 21 developed markets of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. This index is unmanaged and it is not possible to invest directly in this index.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

<b>Shareholder Fees</b> (paid directly from your investment)	
Sales charges (loads)	None
Standard creation/redemption transaction fee per order <sup>(1)</sup>	\$4,000
Maximum creation/redemption transaction fee per order <sup>(1)</sup>	\$16,000
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> <sup>(2)</sup> (expenses that are deducted from Fund assets)	
Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees <sup>(3)</sup>	—%
Other expenses	2.56%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	3.06%
Expense Waiver and Reimbursements <sup>(4)</sup>	2.36%
Net Operating Expenses	0.70%

<sup>1</sup> Purchasers of Creation Units and parties redeeming Creation Units must pay a standard creation or redemption transaction fee of \$4,000. If a Creation Unit is purchased or redeemed for cash, a variable fee of up to four times the standard creation or redemption transaction fee may be charged. See the following discussion of "Creation Transaction Fees and Redemption Transaction Fees."

<sup>2</sup> Expressed as a percentage of average net assets.

<sup>3</sup> The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which the Fund may bear a 12b-1 fee not to exceed 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets. However, no such fee is currently paid by the Fund.

<sup>4</sup> The Fund's Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or pay Fund expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expenses, a portion of the Fund's licensing fees, offering costs, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation and other expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business) from exceeding 0.65% of average net assets per year, at least until December 31, 2011. The offering costs excluded from the 0.65% expense cap are: (a) legal fees pertaining to the Fund's Shares offered for sale; (b) SEC and state registration fees; and (c) initial fees paid to be listed on an exchange. The Trust and the Investment Adviser have entered into an Expense Reimbursement Agreement (the "Expense Agreement") in which the Investment Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or pay certain operating expenses of the Fund in order to maintain the expense ratio of the Fund at or below 0.65% (excluding the expenses set forth above) (the "Expense Cap"). For a period of five years subsequent to the Fund's commencement of operations, the Investment Adviser may recover from the Fund fees and expenses waived or reimbursed during the prior three years if the Fund's expense ratio, including the recovered expenses, falls below the Expense Cap.

## Example

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other funds. This example does not take into account brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund.

The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same each year. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

One Year*	Three Years*	Five Years*	Ten Years*
\$72	\$224	\$932	\$2,825

## Creation Transaction Fees and Redemption Transaction Fees

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only in large blocks of 200,000 Shares (each block of 200,000 Shares called a "Creation Unit") or multiples thereof. As a practical matter, only broker-dealers or large institutional investors with creation and redemption agreements and called Authorized Participants ("APs") can purchase or redeem these Creation Units. Purchasers of Creation Units at NAV must pay a standard Creation Transaction Fee of \$4,000 per transaction. An AP who holds Creation Units and wishes to redeem at NAV would also pay a standard Redemption Fee of \$4,000 per transaction (see "How to Buy and Sell Shares" later in this Prospectus). APs who hold Creation Units in inventory will also pay the Annual Fund Operating Expenses described in the table above. Assuming an investment in a Creation Unit of \$5,000,000 and a 5% return each year, and assuming that the Fund's gross operating expenses remain the same, the total costs would be \$39,753, \$115,936, \$469,900 and \$1,416,672 if the Creation Unit is redeemed after one year, three years, five years and ten years, respectively.\*

If a Creation Unit is purchased or redeemed for cash, a variable fee of up to four times the standard Creation or Redemption Transaction Fee may be charged to the AP making the transaction.

The creation fee, redemption fee and variable fee are not expenses of the Fund and do not impact the Fund's expense ratio.

\* The costs for the one-year examples reflect the Expense Cap that is in effect until December 31, 2011, as set forth in the footnotes to the fee table. The costs for the three-year, five-year and ten-year examples do not reflect the Expense Cap after such date.

# Secondary Investment Strategies

As a primary investment strategy, each Fund will at all times invest at least 90% of its total assets in component securities that comprise its respective Index and investments that have economic characteristics that are substantially identical to the economic characteristics of the component securities that comprise its respective Index. As secondary investment strategies, the Funds may invest their remaining assets in money market instruments, including repurchase agreements or other funds which invest exclusively in money market instruments, convertible securities, structured notes (notes on which the amount of principal repayment and interest payments are based on the movement of one or more specified factors, such as the movement of a particular stock or stock index), forward foreign currency exchange contracts and in swaps, options and futures contracts. Swaps, options and futures contracts (and convertible securities and structured notes) may be used by a Fund in seeking performance that corresponds to its respective Index, and in managing cash flows. The Funds will not invest in money market instruments as part of a temporary defensive strategy to protect against potential stock market declines. The Investment Adviser anticipates that it may take approximately three business days (i.e., each day the NYSE Arca is open) for additions and deletions to each Fund's Index to be reflected in the portfolio composition of the Fund.

Each Fund may borrow money from a bank up to a limit of 10% of the value of its assets, but only for temporary or emergency purposes.

The Funds may lend their portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and other financial institutions desiring to borrow securities to complete transactions and for other purposes. In connection with such loans, the Funds receive liquid collateral equal to at least 102% of the value of the portfolio securities being lent. This collateral is marked to market on a daily basis.

The policies described herein constitute non-fundamental policies that may be changed by the Board of Trustees of the Trust without shareholder approval. Certain other fundamental policies of the Fund are set forth in the Statement of Additional Information under "Investment Restrictions."

# Additional Risk Considerations

In addition to the risks described previously, there are certain other risks related to investing in the Funds.

*Trading Issues.* Trading in Shares on the NYSE Arca may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the NYSE Arca, make trading in Shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in Shares on the NYSE Arca is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the NYSE Arca “circuit breaker” rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the NYSE Arca as applicable, necessary to maintain the listing of the Funds will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

*Fluctuation of Net Asset Value.* The NAV of a Fund’s Shares will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the Fund’s holdings. The market prices of the Shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of and demand for the Shares on the NYSE Arca. The Investment Adviser cannot predict whether the Shares will trade below, at or above their NAV. Price differences may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for the Shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the stocks of the Index trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time.

However, given that the Shares can be purchased and redeemed in Creation Units (unlike shares of many closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes premiums to, their NAV), the Investment Adviser believes that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Shares should not be sustained.

*Securities Lending.* Although a Fund will receive collateral in connection with all loans of its securities holdings, the Fund would be exposed to a risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligation to return the borrowed securities (e.g., the loaned securities may have appreciated beyond the value of the collateral held by the Fund). In addition, the Fund will bear the risk of loss of any cash collateral that it invests.

*Leverage.* To the extent that a Fund borrows money, it may be leveraged. Leveraging generally exaggerates the effect on NAV of any increase or decrease in the market value of the Fund’s portfolio securities.

These risks are described further in the Statement of Additional Information.

# Investment Advisory Services

## Investment Adviser

Claymore Advisors, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Claymore Group Inc., acts as each Fund's investment adviser pursuant to an advisory agreement with the Fund (the "Advisory Agreement"). The Investment Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal offices located at 2455 Corporate West Drive, Lisle, Illinois 60532. As of June 30, 2009, Claymore entities have provided supervisory, management, servicing or distribution services on approximately \$12.9 billion in assets. Claymore currently offers exchange-traded funds, unit investment trusts and closed-end funds. Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser manages the investment and reinvestment of each Fund's assets and administers the affairs of each Fund to the extent requested by the Board of Trustees. The Investment Adviser also acts as investment adviser to closed-end and open-end management investment companies.

Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement, each Fund pays the Investment Adviser an advisory fee for the services and facilities it provides payable on a monthly basis at the annual rate of 0.50% of each Fund's average daily net assets.

The Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or pay Fund expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of each Fund (excluding interest expenses, a portion of each Fund's licensing fees, offering costs, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation and other expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of each Fund's business) from exceeding the percentage of average net assets per year of each Fund, as set forth in the table below, (the "Expense Cap"), at least until December 31, 2011.

<b>Fund(s)</b>	<b>Expense Cap</b>
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	0.65%
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	0.70%

The offering costs excluded from the Expense Cap are: (a) legal fees pertaining to each Fund's Shares offered for sale; (b) SEC and state registration fees; and (c) initial fees paid to be listed on an exchange. The Trust and the Investment Adviser have entered into the Expense Agreement, in which the Investment Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or pay certain operating expenses of each Fund in order to maintain the expense ratio of each Fund at or below the applicable Expense Cap set forth in the table above (excluding the expenses set forth above). For a period of five years subsequent to each Fund's commencement of operations, the Investment Adviser may recover from each Fund fees and expenses waived or reimbursed during the prior three years if the Fund's expense ratio, including the recovered expenses, falls below the Expense Cap.

In addition to advisory fees, each Fund pays all other costs and expenses of its operations, including service fees, distribution fees, custodian fees, legal and independent registered public accounting firm fees, the costs of reports and proxies to shareholders, compensation of Trustees (other than those who are affiliated persons of the Investment Adviser) and all other ordinary business expenses not specifically assumed by the Investment Adviser.

On July 17, 2009, Claymore Group Inc., the parent of the Investment Adviser, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger between and among Claymore Group Inc., Claymore Holdings, LLC and GuggClay Acquisition, Inc., (with the latter two entities being wholly-owned, indirect subsidiaries of Guggenheim Partners, LLC (“Guggenheim”)) whereby GuggClay Acquisition, Inc. will merge into Claymore Group Inc. which will be the surviving entity. The parties intend that the completed merger will result in a change-of-control whereby Claymore Group Inc. and its subsidiaries, including the Investment Adviser, will become indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Guggenheim. The transaction is not expected to affect the daily operations of the Funds or the investment management activities of the Investment Adviser.

Under the 1940 Act, consummation of this transaction will result in the automatic termination of the Advisory Agreement. The transaction is expected to close on or about September 30, 2009 (such closing date being the “Effective Date”). Accordingly, on September 28, 2009, the Board of Trustees approved an interim investment advisory agreement between the Trust and the Investment Adviser (the “Interim Advisory Agreement”). The Interim Advisory Agreement takes effect as of the Effective Date and will terminate upon the earlier of: (a) 150 calendar days after the Effective Date or (b) the approval of a new investment advisory agreement by the shareholders of each Fund. In addition, the advisory fees earned by the Investment Adviser pursuant to the Interim Advisory Agreement will be held in an interest-bearing escrow account with the Trust’s custodian during the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement. If a Fund’s shareholders approve a new advisory agreement with the Investment Adviser prior to the expiration of the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement, the amount in the escrow account (including any interest earned) with respect to the Fund shall be paid to the Investment Adviser. If a Fund’s shareholders do not approve a new advisory agreement with the Investment Adviser prior to the expiration of the term of the Interim Advisory Agreement, the Investment Adviser shall be paid, out of the escrow account with respect to the Fund, the lesser of (i) the Investment Adviser’s costs incurred in providing the services under the Interim Advisory Agreement (including any interest earned on that amount while in escrow) with respect to the Fund; or (ii) the total amount in the escrow account (including any interest earned) with respect to the Fund. Other than the effective dates and the provisions set forth above regarding the advisory fees’ placement into an escrow account, the terms and conditions of the Interim Advisory Agreement are substantively identical to those of the Advisory Agreement.

On September 28, 2009, the Board of Trustees approved a new investment advisory agreement between the Trust and the Investment Adviser (the “New Advisory Agreement”) and recommended that the New Advisory Agreement be submitted to the shareholders of each Fund for their approval. The New Advisory Agreement will take effect with respect to each Fund upon its approval by the shareholders of each Fund and will have an initial term of one year. Thereafter, the New Advisory Agreement will continue in effect only if its continuance is approved by the Board of Trustees. Other than effective dates, the terms and conditions of the New Advisory Agreement are substantively identical to those of the Advisory Agreement.

## Approval of Advisory Agreement

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Trustees' approval of the Advisory Agreement is available in the semi-annual report to shareholders dated November 30, 2008. A discussion regarding the Board of Trustees' approval of the Interim Advisory Agreement and New Advisory Agreement will be available in the semi-annual report to shareholders to be dated November 30, 2009.

## Portfolio Management

The portfolio manager who is currently responsible for the day-to-day management of each Fund's portfolio is Chuck Craig, CFA. Mr. Craig has managed each Fund's portfolio since its inception. Mr. Craig is a Managing Director, Portfolio Management and Supervision, of the Investment Adviser and Claymore Securities, Inc. and joined Claymore Securities, Inc. in May of 2003. Mr. Craig received a M.S. in Financial Markets from the Center for Law and Financial Markets at the Illinois Institute of Technology. He also earned a B.S. in Finance from Northern Illinois University.

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio manager's compensation structure, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager and the portfolio manager's ownership of securities of the Funds he manages.

# Purchase and Redemption of Shares

## General

The Shares are issued or redeemed by the Funds at net asset value per Share only in Creation Unit size. See “Creations, Redemptions and Transaction Fees.”

Most investors buy and sell Shares of the Funds in secondary market transactions through brokers. Shares of the Funds are listed and traded on the secondary market on the NYSE Arca. Shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly traded shares. There is no minimum investment. Although Shares are generally purchased and sold in “round lots” of 100 Shares, brokerage firms typically permit investors to purchase or sell Shares in smaller “oddlots,” at no per-share price differential. When buying or selling Shares through a broker, you will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges, and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction. The Funds trade on the NYSE Arca at prices that may differ to varying degrees from the daily NAV of the Shares. Given that each Fund’s Shares can be issued and redeemed in Creation Units, the Investment Adviser believes that large discounts and premiums to NAV should not be sustained for long. The Funds trade under the NYSE Arca symbols set forth in the chart below.

<b>Name of Fund</b>	<b>NYSE Arca Ticker Symbol</b>
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	ROB
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	CRO

Share prices are reported in dollars and cents per Share.

Investors may acquire Shares directly from the Funds, and shareholders may tender their Shares for redemption directly to the Funds, only in Creation Units of the applicable number of Shares as set forth in the table below, and as discussed in the “Creations, Redemptions and Transaction Fees” section below.

<b>Fund(s)</b>	<b>Creation Unit Size</b>
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	200,000 Shares
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	80,000 Shares

## Book Entry

Shares are held in book-entry form, which means that no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding Shares of the Funds and is recognized as the owner of all Shares for all purposes. Investors owning Shares are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all Shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of Shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have Shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of Shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of Shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any other stocks that you hold in book entry or “street name” form.

# How to Buy and Sell Shares

## Pricing Fund Shares

The trading price of each Fund's shares on the NYSE Arca may differ from the Fund's daily net asset value and can be affected by market forces of supply and demand, economic conditions and other factors.

The NYSE Arca disseminates the approximate value of Shares of the Funds every fifteen seconds. The approximate value calculations are based on local closing prices and may not reflect events that occur subsequent to the local market's close. As a result, premiums and discounts between the approximate value and the market price could be affected. This approximate value should not be viewed as a "real-time" update of the NAV per Share of the Funds because the approximate value may not be calculated in the same manner as the NAV, which is computed once a day, generally at the end of the business day. The Funds are not involved in, or responsible for, the calculation or dissemination of the approximate value and the Funds do not make any warranty as to its accuracy.

The net asset value per Share for each Fund is determined once daily as of the close of the NYSE Arca, usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, each day the NYSE Arca is open for trading. NAV per Share is determined by dividing the value of the Fund's portfolio securities, cash and other assets (including accrued interest), less all liabilities (including accrued expenses), by the total number of shares outstanding.

Equity securities are valued at the last reported sale price on the principal exchange on which such securities are traded, as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca, on the day the securities are being valued or, if there are no sales, at the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices. Equity securities that are traded in OTC markets are valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca, on the day the securities are valued or, if there are no sales, at the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices. Debt securities are valued at the bid price for such securities or, if such prices are not available, at prices for securities of comparable maturity, quality, and type. Short-term securities for which market quotations are not readily available are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Securities for which market quotations are not readily available, including restricted securities, are valued by a method that the Trustees believe accurately reflects fair value. Securities will be valued at fair value when market quotations are not readily available or are deemed unreliable, such as when a security's value or meaningful portion of a Fund's portfolio is believed to have been materially affected by a significant event. Such events may include a natural disaster, an economic event like a bankruptcy filing, a trading halt in a security, an unscheduled early market close or a substantial fluctuation in domestic and foreign markets that has occurred between the close of the principal exchange and the NYSE Arca. In such a case, the value for a security is likely to be different from the last quoted market price. In addition, due to the subjective and variable nature of fair market value pricing, it is possible that the value determined for a particular asset may be materially different from the value realized upon such asset's sale.

Trading in securities on many foreign securities exchanges and over-the-counter markets is normally completed before the close of business on each U.S. business day. In addition, securities trading in a particular country or countries may not take place on all U.S.

business days or may take place on days that are not U.S. business days. Changes in valuations on certain securities may occur at times or on days on which the Fund's net asset value is not calculated and on which the Funds do not effect sales, redemptions and exchanges of their Shares.

## Creation Units

Investors such as market makers, large investors and institutions who wish to deal in Creation Units directly with the Funds must have entered into an authorized participant agreement with the distributor and the transfer agent, or purchase through a dealer that has entered into such an agreement. Set forth below is a brief description of the procedures applicable to purchase and redemption of Creation Units. For more detailed information, see "Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations" in the Statement of Additional Information.

## How to Buy Shares

In order to purchase Creation Units of a Fund, an investor must generally deposit a designated portfolio of equity securities constituting a substantial replication, or a representation, of the stocks included in the Index (the "Deposit Securities") and generally make a small cash payment referred to as the "Cash Component." For those Authorized Participants that are not eligible for trading a Deposit Security, custom orders are available. The list of the names and the numbers of shares of the Deposit Securities is made available by the Funds' custodian through the facilities of the National Securities Clearing Corporation, commonly referred to as NSCC, immediately prior to the opening of business each day of the NYSE Arca. The Cash Component represents the difference between the net asset value of a Creation Unit and the market value of the Deposit Securities. In the case of custom orders, cash-in-lieu may be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Securities that the Authorized Participant may not be eligible to trade.

Orders must be placed in proper form by or through a participant of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC Participant") that has entered into an agreement with the Trust, the distributor and the transfer agent, with respect to purchases and redemptions of Creation Units (collectively, "Authorized Participant" or "AP"). All standard orders must be placed for one or more whole Creation Units of Shares of a Fund and must be received by the distributor in proper form no later than the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca (ordinarily 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) ("Closing Time") in order to receive that day's closing NAV per Share. In the case of custom orders, as further described in the Statement of Additional Information, the order must be received by the distributor no later than one hour prior to Closing Time in order to receive that day's closing NAV per Share. A custom order may be placed by an Authorized Participant in the event that the Trust permits or requires the substitution of an amount of cash to be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Security which may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or which may not be eligible for trading by such Authorized Participant or the investor for which it is acting or any other relevant reason. See "Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations" in the Statement of Additional Information.

The following fixed creation transaction fees per transaction for the Funds (the "Creation Transaction Fee") set forth in the table below are applicable to each transaction regardless of the number of Creation Units purchased in the transaction.

**Fixed Creation  
Transaction Fees  
(Per Transaction)****Fund**

Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	\$1,000
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	\$4,000

A variable charge of up to four times the Creation Transaction Fee may be imposed to the extent that cash is used in lieu of securities to purchase Creation Units. See “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations” in the Statement of Additional Information. The price for each Creation Unit will equal the daily NAV per Share times the number of Shares in a Creation Unit plus the fees described above and, if applicable, any transfer taxes.

Shares of the Fund may be issued in advance of receipt of all Deposit Securities subject to various conditions, including a requirement to maintain on deposit with the Trust cash at least equal to 115% of the market value of the missing Deposit Securities. See “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations” in the Statement of Additional Information.

## Legal Restrictions on Transactions in Certain Stocks

An investor subject to a legal restriction with respect to a particular stock required to be deposited in connection with the purchase of a Creation Unit may, at a Fund’s discretion, be permitted to deposit an equivalent amount of cash in substitution for any stock which would otherwise be included in the Deposit Securities applicable to the purchase of a Creation Unit. For more details, see “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations” in the Statement of Additional Information.

## Redemption of Shares

Shares may be redeemed only in Creation Units at their NAV and only on a day the NYSE Arca is open for business. The Funds’ custodian makes available immediately prior to the opening of business each day of the NYSE Arca, through the facilities of the NSCC, the list of the names and the numbers of shares of the Funds’ portfolio securities that will be applicable that day to redemption requests in proper form (“Fund Securities”). Fund Securities received on redemption may not be identical to Deposit Securities, which are applicable to purchases of Creation Units. Unless cash redemptions are available or specified for the Funds, the redemption proceeds consist of the Fund Securities, plus cash in an amount equal to the difference between the NAV of Shares being redeemed as next determined after receipt by the transfer agent of a redemption request in proper form, and the value of the Fund Securities (the “Cash Redemption Amount”), less the applicable redemption fee and, if applicable, any transfer taxes. Should the Fund Securities have a value greater than the NAV of Shares being redeemed, a compensating cash payment to the Trust equal to the differential, plus the applicable redemption fee and, if applicable, any transfer taxes will be required to be arranged for, by or on behalf of the redeeming shareholder. For more details, see “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations” in the Statement of Additional Information.

An order to redeem Creation Units of the Fund may only be effected by or through an Authorized Participant. An order to redeem must be placed for one or more whole

Creation Units and must be received by the transfer agent in proper form no later than the Closing Time in order to receive that day's closing NAV per Share. In the case of custom orders, as further described in the Statement of Additional Information, the order must be received by the transfer agent no later than 3:00 p.m. Eastern time.

The following fixed redemption transaction fees per transaction for the Funds (the "Redemption Transaction Fee") set forth in the table below are applicable to each redemption transaction regardless of the number of Creation Units redeemed in the transaction.

<b>Fund</b>	<b>Fixed Redemption Transaction Fees (Per Transaction)</b>
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF	\$1,000
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF	\$4,000

A variable charge of up to four times the Redemption Transaction Fee may be charged to approximate additional expenses incurred by the Trust to the extent that redemptions are for cash. The Funds reserve the right to effect redemptions in cash. A shareholder may request a cash redemption in lieu of securities, however, a Fund may, in its discretion, reject any such request. See "Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations" in the Statement of Additional Information.

## Distributions

*Dividends and Capital Gains.* Fund shareholders are entitled to their share of a Fund's income and net realized gains on its investments. Each Fund pays out substantially all of its net earnings to its shareholders as "distributions."

Each Fund typically earns income dividends from stocks and interest from debt securities. These amounts, net of expenses, are passed along to Fund shareholders as "income dividend distributions." Each Fund realizes capital gains or losses whenever it sells securities. Net long-term capital gains are distributed to shareholders as "capital gain distributions."

Income dividends, if any, are distributed to shareholders annually. Net capital gains are distributed at least annually. Dividends may be declared and paid more frequently to improve Index tracking or to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Some portion of each distribution may result in a return of capital. Fund shareholders will be notified regarding the portion of the distribution that represents a return of capital.

Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole Shares only if the broker through which the Shares were purchased makes such option available.

## Distribution Plan and Service Plan

The Board of Trustees of the Trust has adopted a distribution and services plan (the "Plan") pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Under the Plan, each Fund is authorized to pay distribution fees in connection with the sale and distribution of its shares and pay service fees in connection with the

provision of ongoing services to shareholders of each class and the maintenance of shareholder accounts in an amount up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets each year.

No 12b-1 fees are currently paid by the Funds, and there are no current plans to impose these fees. However, in the event 12b-1 fees are charged in the future, because these fees are paid out of a Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, these fees will increase the cost of your investment in the Fund. By purchasing shares subject to distribution fees and service fees, you may pay more over time than you would by purchasing shares with other types of sales charge arrangements. Long-term shareholders may pay more than the economic equivalent of the maximum front-end sales charge permitted by the rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The net income attributable to the Shares will be reduced by the amount of distribution fees and service fees and other expenses of the Funds.

## Frequent Purchases and Redemptions

The Funds impose no restrictions on the frequency of purchases and redemptions. The Board of Trustees evaluated the risks of market timing activities by the Funds' shareholders when they considered that no restriction or policy was necessary. The Board considered that, unlike traditional mutual funds, each Fund issues and redeems its shares at NAV for a basket of securities intended to mirror the Fund's portfolio, plus a small amount of cash, and a Fund's Shares may be purchased and sold on the exchange at prevailing market prices. Given this structure, the Board determined that it is unlikely that (a) market timing would be attempted by each Fund's shareholders or (b) any attempts to market time the Fund by its shareholders would result in negative impact to the Fund or its shareholders.

## Fund Service Providers

Claymore Advisors, LLC is the administrator of each Fund.

The Bank of New York Mellon is the custodian and fund accounting and transfer agent for each Fund.

Dechert LLP serves as counsel to each Fund.

Ernst & Young LLP serves as each Fund's independent registered public accounting firm. The independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for auditing the annual financial statements of the Funds.

# Index Providers

Robb Report is the Index Provider for the Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF. Robb Report is not affiliated with the Trust, the Investment Adviser or the distributor. The Investment Adviser has entered into a license agreement with Robb Report to use the Index.

Zacks Investment Research, Inc. is the Index Provider for the Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF. Zacks is not affiliated with the Trust, the Investment Adviser or the distributor. The Investment Adviser has entered into a license agreement with Zacks to use the Index.

Each Fund is entitled to use its respective Index pursuant to a sub-licensing arrangement with the Investment Adviser.

## Disclaimers

The “Zacks Country Rotation Index” is a trademark of Zacks and has been licensed for use for certain purposes by the Investment Adviser. The Fund is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Zacks and Zacks makes no representation regarding the advisability of investing in Shares of the Fund.

The Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF and its Shares are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Zacks. Zacks makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the shareholders of the Fund or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Fund particularly or the ability of any data supplied by Zacks to track general stock market performance. Zacks’ only relationship to the Investment Adviser is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of Zacks and of the data supplied by Zacks, which is determined, composed and calculated by Zacks without regard to the Fund or its Shares. Zacks has no obligation to take the needs of the Investment Adviser or the shareholders of the Fund into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the data supplied by Zacks. Zacks is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the prices of the Shares of the Fund or the timing of the issuance or sale of such Share. Zacks has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Fund or its Shares.

The “Robb Report Global Luxury Index” is a registered trademark of Robb Report and has been licensed for use by the Investment Adviser. The Fund is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Robb Report and Robb Report makes no representation regarding the advisability of investing in Shares of the Fund.

The Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF and its Shares are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by CurtCo Robb Media, LLC, Robb Report Magazine and its affiliates (“Licensor”). Licensor makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the shareholders of the Fund or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in or trading securities generally or in the Fund particularly or the ability of the Robb Report Global Luxury Index to track general stock market performance. Licensor’s only relationship to the Investment Adviser is the licensing of certain trademarks and trade names of Licensor and of the Robb Report Global Luxury Index, which is determined, composed and calculated solely by Licensor without regard to Investment Adviser or the

Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF. Licensor has no obligation to take the needs of the Investment Adviser or the shareholders of the Fund into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Robb Report Global Luxury Index. Licensor is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the prices of the Shares of the Fund or the timing of the issuance or sale of such Shares or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Shares are to be converted into cash. Licensor has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing, or trading of the Fund or its Shares.

Dow Jones, its affiliates, sources and distribution agents (together, the "Indicative Value Calculation Agent") shall not be liable to the Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF or the Investment Adviser, any customer or any third party for any loss or damage, direct, indirect or consequential, arising from (i) any inaccuracy or incompleteness in, or delays, interruptions, errors or omissions in the delivery of the intraday indicative value with respect to the Fund ("Indicative Value") or any data related to (the "Data") or (ii) any decision made or action taken by the Fund or the Investment Adviser, any customer or third party in reliance upon the Data. The Indicative Value Calculation Agent does not make any warranties, express or implied, to the Fund or the Investment Adviser, any investor in the Fund or any one else regarding the Data, including, without limitation, any warranties with respect to the timeliness, sequence, accuracy, completeness, currentness, merchantability, quality or fitness for a particular purpose or any warranties as to the results to be obtained by the Fund or the Investment Adviser, any investors in the Fund or other person in connection with the use of the Data. The Indicative Value Calculation Agent shall not be liable to the Fund or the Investment Adviser, any investor in the Fund or other third parties for any damages, including without limitation, loss of business revenues, lost profits or any indirect, consequential, special or similar damages whatsoever, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

The Investment Adviser does not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of each Index or any data included therein, and the Investment Adviser shall have no liability for any errors, omissions or interruptions therein. The Investment Adviser makes no warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the Funds, owners of the Shares of the Funds or any other person or entity from the use of each Index or any data included therein. The Investment Adviser makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to each Index or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall the Investment Adviser have any liability for any special, punitive, direct, indirect or consequential damages (including lost profits) arising out of matters relating to the use of each Index even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

# Federal Income Taxation

As with any investment, you should consider how your investment in Shares will be taxed. The tax information in this Prospectus is provided as general information. You should consult your own tax professional about the tax consequences of an investment in Shares.

Unless your investment in Shares is made through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred retirement account, such as an IRA plan, you need to be aware of the possible tax consequences when:

- Your Fund makes distributions,
- You sell your Shares listed on the NYSE Arca, and
- You purchase or redeem Creation Units.

## Taxes on Distributions

Dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid annually. Each Fund may also pay a special distribution at the end of the calendar year to comply with federal tax requirements. In general, your distributions are subject to federal income tax when they are paid, whether you take them in cash or reinvest them in a Fund. Dividends paid out of a Fund's income and net short-term gains, if any, are taxable as ordinary income. Distributions of net long-term capital gains, if any, in excess of net short-term capital losses are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held the Shares.

Long-term capital gains of non-corporate taxpayers are generally taxed at a maximum rate of 15% for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011. In addition, for these taxable years some ordinary dividends declared and paid by a Fund to non-corporate shareholders may qualify for taxation at the lower reduced tax rates applicable to long-term capital gains, provided that the holding period and other requirements are met by the Fund and the shareholder. Without future Congressional action, the maximum rate of long-term capital gain will return to 20% in 2011, and all dividends will be taxed at ordinary income rates.

Distributions in excess of a Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits are treated as a tax-free return of capital to the extent of your basis in the Shares, and as capital gain thereafter. A distribution will reduce a Fund's net asset value per Share and may be taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gain even though, from an investment standpoint, the distribution may constitute a return of capital.

Dividends and interest received by a Fund may give rise to withholding and other taxes imposed by foreign countries. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States may reduce or eliminate such taxes. If more than 50% of any Fund's total assets at the end of its taxable year will consist of foreign stock or securities, the Fund intends to elect to "pass through" to its investors certain foreign income taxes paid by the Fund, with the result that each investor will (i) include in gross income, as an additional dividend, even though not actually received, the investor's pro rata share of the Fund's foreign income taxes, and (ii) either deduct (in calculating U.S. taxable income) or credit (in calculating U.S. federal income), subject to certain limitations, the investor's pro rata share of the Fund's foreign income taxes.

If you are not a citizen or permanent resident of the United States, each Fund's ordinary income dividends (which include distributions of net short-term capital gains) will generally be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax, unless a lower treaty rate applies or unless such income is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business carried on through a permanent establishment in the United States. Prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors concerning the applicability of the U.S. withholding tax.

By law, each Fund must withhold a percentage of your distributions and proceeds if you have not provided a taxpayer identification number or social security number. The backup withholding rate for individuals is currently 28%.

## Taxes on Exchange-Listed Shares Sales

Currently, any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Shares is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year and as short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for one year or less. The ability to deduct capital losses may be limited.

## Taxes on Purchase and Redemption of Creation Units

An authorized purchaser who exchanges equity securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or a loss. The gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time and the exchanger's aggregate basis in the securities surrendered and the Cash Component paid. A person who exchanges Creation Units for equity securities will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the exchanger's basis in the Creation Units and the aggregate market value of the securities received and the Cash Redemption Amount. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units cannot be deducted under the rules governing "wash sales" on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position. Persons exchanging securities should consult their own tax advisor with respect to whether the wash sale rules apply and when a loss might be deductible.

Under current federal tax laws, any capital gain or loss realized upon redemption of Creation Units is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year and as a short-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for one year or less.

If you purchase or redeem Creation Units, you will be sent a confirmation statement showing how many and at what price you purchased or sold Shares.

*The foregoing discussion summarizes some of the possible consequences under current federal tax law of an investment in a Fund. It is not a substitute for personal tax advice. You may also be subject to state and local taxation on Fund distributions and sales of Fund Shares. You are invited to consult your personal tax advisor about the potential tax consequences of an investment in Fund Shares under all applicable tax laws.*

## Other Information

For purposes of the 1940 Act, each Fund is treated as a registered investment company. Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act restricts investments by investment companies in the securities of other investment companies, including shares of the Funds. Registered investment companies are permitted to invest in the Funds beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1) subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in an SEC exemptive order issued to the Trust, including that such investment companies enter into an agreement with a Fund.

## Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

A description of the Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities is available in each Fund's Statement of Additional Information.

# Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance since its inception. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in each Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been derived from the Funds' financial statements which have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, are included in the Funds' Annual Report, which is available upon request.

# Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF

<b>Per share operating performance for a share outstanding throughout the period</b>	<b>For the Year Ended May 31, 2009</b>	<b>For the Period July 30, 2007** through May 31, 2008</b>
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b>	\$ 22.20	\$ 23.80
<b>Income from investment operations</b>		
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(a)</sup>	0.19	0.14
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(9.01)	(1.70)
Total from investment operations	(8.82)	(1.56)
<b>Distributions to Shareholders from</b>		
Net investment income	(0.29)	(0.04)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b>	\$ 13.09	\$ 22.20
<b>Market value, end of period</b>	\$ 12.96	\$ 22.28
<b>Total return* <sup>(b)</sup></b>		
Net asset value	-39.58%	-6.57%
<b>Ratios and supplemental data</b>		
Net assets, end of period (thousands)	\$ 4,189	\$ 8,880
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets*	0.75%	1.21% <sup>(c)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets*	1.32%	0.73% <sup>(c)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(d)</sup>	14%	26%

\* If certain expenses had not been waived or reimbursed by the Adviser, total return would have been lower and the ratios would have been as follows:

Ratio of total expenses to average net assets	4.75%	3.81% <sup>(c)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	-2.68%	-1.87% <sup>(c)</sup>

\*\* Commencement of investment operations.

(a) Based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the beginning of the period and a sale on the last day of the period reported at net asset value ("NAV"). Dividends and distributions are assumed to be reinvested at NAV. Total investment return does not reflect brokerage commissions. A return calculated for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

(c) Annualized.

(d) Portfolio turnover is not annualized for periods less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions.

# Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF

Per share operating performance for a share outstanding throughout the period	For the Year Ended May 31, 2009	For the Period July 11, 2007** through May 31, 2008
<b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b>	\$ 24.41	\$ 25.08
<b>Income from investment operations</b>		
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(a)</sup>	0.47	0.59
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(10.16)	(1.08)
Total from investment operations	(9.69)	(0.49)
<b>Distributions to Shareholders from</b>		
Net investment income	(0.60)	(0.18)
<b>Net asset value, end of period</b>	\$ 14.12	\$ 24.41
<b>Market value, end of period</b>	\$ 14.20	\$ 24.60
<b>Total return<sup>*(b)</sup></b>		
Net asset value	-39.47%	-2.00%
<b>Ratios and supplemental data</b>		
Net assets, end of period (thousands)	\$ 5,649	\$ 9,764
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets*	0.70%	1.24% <sup>(c)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets*	3.07%	2.53% <sup>(c)</sup>
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(d)</sup>	170%	51%

\* If certain expenses had not been waived or reimbursed by the Adviser, total return would have been lower and the ratios would have been as follows:

Ratio of expenses to average net assets	3.06%	2.98% <sup>(c)</sup>
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	0.71%	0.79% <sup>(c)</sup>

\*\* Commencement of investment operations.

(a) Based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(b) Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of a common share at the beginning of the period and a sale on the last day of the period reported at net asset value ("NAV"). Dividends and distributions are assumed to be reinvested at NAV. Total investment return does not reflect brokerage commissions. A return calculated for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

(c) Annualized.

(d) Portfolio turnover is not annualized for periods less than a year and does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions.

## Premium/Discount Information

The table that follows presents information about the differences between the daily market price on secondary markets for Shares and the NAV of each Fund. NAV is the price per share at which each Fund issues and redeems Shares. It is calculated in accordance with the standard formula for valuing mutual fund shares. The "Market Price" of each Fund generally is determined using the midpoint between the highest bid and the lowest offer on the exchange on which the Fund is listed for trading, as of the time the Fund's NAV is calculated. Each Fund's Market Price may be at, above or below its NAV. The NAV of each Fund will fluctuate with changes in the market value of its portfolio holdings. The Market Price of each Fund will fluctuate in accordance with changes in its NAV, as well as market supply and demand.

Premiums or discounts are the differences (generally expressed as a percentage) between the NAV and Market Price of each Fund on a given day, generally at the time NAV is calculated. A premium is the amount that each Fund is trading above the reported NAV, expressed as a percentage of the NAV. A discount is the amount that each Fund is trading below the reported NAV, expressed as a percentage of the NAV.

The following information shows the frequency of distributions of premiums and discounts for each Fund. The information shown for each Fund is for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2009 and for each of the last four quarters.

Each line in the table shows the number of trading days in which the Fund traded within the premium/discount range indicated. The number of trading days in each premium/discount range is also shown as a percentage of the total number of trading days in the period covered by the table. All data presented here represents past performance, which cannot be used to predict future results.

## Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF\*

	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Fiscal Year Ended 5/31/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 6/30/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 3/31/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 12/31/08)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 9/30/08)
Greater than 2.0%	28/6.09%	28/5.81%	28/6.68%	24/6.70%	13/4.42%
Between 1.5% and 2.0%	11/2.39%	11/2.28%	11/2.63%	9/2.51%	9/3.06%
Between 1.0% and 1.5%	28/6.09%	28/5.81%	27/6.44%	25/6.98%	22/7.48%
Between 0.5% and 1.0%	66/14.35%	67/13.90%	64/15.27%	62/17.32%	60/20.41%
Between -0.5% and 0.5%	192/41.74%	205/42.53%	170/40.57%	155/43.30%	141/47.96%
Between -0.5% and -1.0%	52/11.30%	58/12.03%	46/10.98%	34/9.50%	31/10.54%
Between -1.0% and -1.5%	38/8.26%	40/8.30%	29/6.92%	22/6.15%	11/3.74%
Between -1.5% and -2.0%	17/3.70%	17/3.53%	16/3.82%	7/1.96%	3/1.02%
Less than -2.0%	28/6.09%	28/5.81%	28/6.68%	20/5.59%	4/1.36%
Total	460/100%	482/100%	419/100%	358/100%	294/100%

\* Commenced operations on July 30, 2007.

## Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF\*

	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Fiscal Year Ended 5/31/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 6/30/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 3/31/09)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 12/31/08)	Number of Days/Percentage of Total Days (Quarter Ended 9/30/08)
Greater than 2.0%	36/7.56%	36/7.23%	35/8.05%	29/7.75%	14/4.52%
Between 1.5% and 2.0%	25/5.25%	26/5.22%	21/4.83%	18/4.81%	14/4.52%
Between 1.0% and 1.5%	52/10.92%	52/10.44%	51/11.72%	46/12.30%	44/14.19%
Between 0.5% and 1.0%	75/15.76%	80/16.06%	67/15.40%	58/15.51%	55/17.74%
Between -0.5% and 0.5%	158/33.19%	168/33.73%	146/33.56%	132/35.29%	122/39.35%
Between -0.5% and -1.0%	58/12.18%	61/12.25%	52/11.95%	48/12.83%	40/12.90%
Between -1.0% and -1.5%	29/6.09%	31/6.22%	25/5.75%	16/4.28%	11/3.55%
Between -1.5% and -2.0%	19/3.99%	20/4.02%	15/3.45%	11/2.94%	7/2.26%
Less than -2.0%	24/5.04%	24/4.82%	23/5.29%	16/4.28%	3/0.97%
Total	476/100%	498/100%	435/100%	374/100%	310/100%

\*Commenced operations on July 11, 2007.

## Total Return Information

The following table presents information about the total return of each Fund's Index in comparison to the total return of that Fund. The information presented for each Fund is for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2009.

"Cumulative total returns" represent the total change in value of an investment over the period indicated. A Fund's per Share NAV is the value of one Share of a Fund as calculated in accordance with the standard formula for valuing mutual fund shares. The NAV return is based on the NAV of a Fund, and the market return is based on the market price per Share of a Fund. The price used to calculate market return ("Market Price") is determined by using the midpoint between the highest bid and the lowest offer on the exchange on which a Fund is listed for trading, as of the time that a Fund's NAV is calculated. Since a Fund's Shares typically do not trade in the secondary market until several days after a Fund's inception, for the period from inception to the first day of secondary market trading in Fund Shares, the NAV of a Fund is used as a proxy for secondary market trading price to calculate market returns. Market and NAV returns assume that dividends and capital gain distributions have been reinvested in a Fund at Market Price and NAV, respectively. An index is a statistical composite that tracks a specified financial market or sector. Unlike the Funds, an index does not actually hold a portfolio of securities and therefore does not incur the expenses incurred by the Fund. These expenses negatively impact the performance of the Funds. Also, market returns do not include brokerage commissions that may be payable on secondary market transactions. If brokerage commissions were included, market returns would be lower. The returns shown in the table below do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption or sale of Shares of each Fund. The investment return and principal value of Shares of a Fund will vary with changes in market conditions. Shares of a Fund may be worth more or less than their original cost when they are redeemed or sold in the market. The Funds' past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Fund/Index Name	Cumulative Total Returns Since Inception* Through May 31, 2009
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF (at NAV)	-43.55%
Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF (at Market)	-44.12%
Robb Report Global Luxury Index	-41.62%
Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index	-33.96%
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF (at NAV)	-40.68%
Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF (at Market)	-40.35%
Zacks Country Rotation ETF	-38.81%
Morgan Stanley Capital International EAFE Index	-39.09%

\* Claymore/Zacks Country Rotation ETF commenced operations on July 11, 2007. Claymore/Robb Report Global Luxury Index ETF commenced operations on July 30, 2007.

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# For More Information

## **Existing Shareholders or Prospective Investors**

- Call your broker
- [www.claymore.com](http://www.claymore.com)

## **Dealers**

- [www.claymore.com](http://www.claymore.com)
- Distributor Telephone: (888) 949-3837

## **Investment Adviser**

Claymore Advisors, LLC  
2455 Corporate West Drive  
Lisle, Illinois 60532

## **Distributor**

Claymore Securities, Inc.  
2455 Corporate West Drive  
Lisle, Illinois 60532

## **Custodian**

The Bank of New York Mellon  
101 Barclay Street  
New York, New York 10286

## **Transfer Agent**

The Bank of New York Mellon  
101 Barclay Street  
New York, New York 10286

## **Legal Counsel**

Dechert LLP  
1095 Avenue of the Americas  
New York, New York 10036-6797

## **Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Ernst & Young LLP  
233 South Wacker Drive  
Chicago, IL 60606

A Statement of Additional Information dated September 30, 2009, which contains more details about the Funds, is incorporated by reference in its entirety into this Prospectus, which means that it is legally part of this Prospectus.

You will find additional information about each Fund in its annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders, when available. The annual report will explain the market conditions and investment strategies affecting each Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

You can ask questions or obtain a free copy of the Funds' shareholder reports or the Statement of Additional Information by calling 1-888-949-3837. Free copies of the Funds' shareholder reports and the Statement of Additional Information are available from our website at [www.claymore.com](http://www.claymore.com).

Information about the Funds, including its reports and the Statement of Additional Information, has been filed with the SEC. It can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC or on the EDGAR database on the SEC's internet site (<http://www.sec.gov>). Information on the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. You can also request copies of these materials, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the SEC's e-mail address ([publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov)) or by writing the Public Reference section of the SEC, 100 F Street NE, Room 1580, Washington, DC 20549.

## PROSPECTUS

Distributor  
Claymore Securities, Inc.  
2455 Corporate West Drive  
Lisle, Illinois 60532

**September 30, 2009**

Investment Company Act File No. 811-21910.



CLAYMORE<sup>SM</sup>

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